Accelerated to adaptive

- Adaptive information processing moves to centre stage
- Thorough understanding essential
- Informs and guides clinician at every stage of EMDR treatment

EMDR short-term treatment

Client's expectations
Referrer's expectations
Clinician's expectations
Start too soon
Incomplete history
Inappropriate clients

Adaptive information processing (AIP)

- Psychological self-healing is similar to other physiological processes
- All humans have a physiologically-based information processing system
- This digests or metabolises information so that it can be used in a healthy life-enhancing manner
- Natural tendency to move towards mental health

Adaptive information processing

- Disturbing memories can cause imbalance in the nervous system when stored with high levels of arousal
- Such unprocessed memories contain emotions, sensations and beliefs that arise in the present
- This is the cause of symptoms, behaviours, negative thoughts and sensations

Adaptive information processing model (AIP)

- Explains clinical phenomena as present manifestations of past dysfunctionally stored events
- Guides case-conceptualisation and procedures
- Predicts positive treatment outcome



Generalising of treatment effects

Spontaneous defusing of triggers

 Spontaneous emergence of adaptive behaviours (internally generated)

Defining targets for treatment

- AIP assessment begins the minute client walks through the door
- Present symptoms manifestation unprocessed earlier memories
- What caused this client's AIP to break down?

History – targeting sequence

Simple PTSD

- Still need early history
 - Earlier related memory
 - Blocking feeder memories
 - If high arousal may need to process first

History – targeting sequence

Complex presentations

- Essential to identify earlier memories which set groundwork of each problem
- Most are childhood based
- Seeking the earliest time client can remember
- Use present symptoms/triggers to identify touchstone memories
 - Direct questioning
 - Floatback/affect scan

Preparation

- Accessed memories will contain disturbing affect and/or or sensations
- AIP requires ability to tolerate affect
- Do not start processing unless can selfsooth
- Affect-regulation techniques

Preparation

- Noticing feelings and thoughts without judging facilitates AIP (dual awareness)
- Building access to resources
- Preparation first or integrated with history taking.

Assessment

- Unprocessed memory stored in fragments
- Alignment of memory components
- Maximise therapeutic effect
- Accessing whole memory

Processing - model drift

- Processing is forging new connections between target memory and networks containing adaptive information
- Target memory is the access point to disturbance
- Not returning to target
 - Avoidance



Function of cognitionsBeliefs not the cause, but the symptoms

Overuse of SUDs

AIP and blocked processing

- Interventions mimic what happens in spontaneous AIP
- Therapist deliberately accesses the network containing the next relevant piece of information (Cognitive Interweave)

AIP and blocked processing

Processing the whole memory

Accessing all components of the memory

Installation

Most important part of process
Opportunity in trauma

PC in the pending tray
Accelerating links to positive networks
Repeating installation?

Speed of hand movements

Targeting sequence – Case conceptualisation

- Processing target memory is not enough
- Triggers
 - At history taking plus feedback
 - Trigger becomes unprocessed memory
- Future template
 - For each trigger
 - Target avoidance and adaptation

Trainees taught this in theory and practice

Dissociation and AIP

- Trainee taught that dissociation can facilitate AIP
- In a crisis it allows highly charged information to integrate later
- Problems arise especially when dissociation occurs early in life

Shapiro (2009)

- "EMDR is not just a method, it is a psychotherapy approach"
- "Except for organic damage or lack of information, inadequately processed or inappropriately stored memories are the basis of all clinical pathology"
- Processed memories are the basis of mental health

Present situation

Known primarily as treatment for PTSD

- Not just traumatic memories
- No small "t"
- Distressing memories that underlie many pathologies
- Consecutive days treatment

Not just for trauma

Depression, anxiety disorders, eating disorders, sexual dysfunction, sleep disorders, substance abuse, chronic pain, dissociative disorders, relationship disorders, attachment issues, somatoform disorders, ADHD, disaster response, recent events.

EMDR as a psychotherapy approach

AIP as core theory
Comprehensive psychotherapy
Symptom focused therapy
Present dysfunction is symptom
Past event is cause

EMDR in 5 years

 Research essential for recognition of new protocols as effectively treating wide range of conditions

- EMDR taught as a comprehensive psychotherapy approach
- Parts 4 and 5?